

D.C. GUARDS CALLED "WHITE HOUSE PETS"

Other Troops "Peeved" Because Washingtonians' Efficiency Wins Drill Exemptions.

By a Staff Correspondent.
SAN ANTONIO, Tex., Oct. 12.—Headed by Col. Glendie B. Young, all the commissioned officers in the third regiment will march to General Funston's headquarters at Fort Sam Houston this afternoon and pay their respects to the commander of the Southern department.

After a reception and brief conference the officers will return to Camp Wilson to attend their school and conduct battalion parades. The first regiment will parade at General Funston's headquarters at Fort Sam Houston this afternoon and pay their respects to the commander of the Southern department.

Called "White House Pets," this is taken to mean that the training deemed necessary for the District soldiers probably will cover a shorter period than was at first expected. It is believed the Washington boys will get out of the gumbo trenches by Christmas at the latest, unless future developments in the Mexican situation make their presence here or south of the Rio Grande necessary.

Upon learning that the District militiamen probably would not be given as strenuous a program as some of the other soldiers of the Illinois and Kansas National Guardsmen called them "White House Pets," and first fighting broke out in several quarters of the camp.

Washingtonians said they believe the term was used to belittle them as soldiers. They added that if they had had any influence at the White House they would have served the "hitch" on the border and been back home again by this time.

Although the drill field was coated with mud today as a result of last night's heavy rain, the Washingtonians put up a good close and extended order drill. They also convinced Capt. C. A. Lewis, their inspecting officer, that they had been well schooled in Cossack outpost work or camp guarding.

All Prisoners Paroled.
Colonel Young is looking for a better drill field, so that the militiamen can demonstrate their training to the best advantage and get credit for it.

Twenty-five prisoners who were in the guard house at Fort Myer when the regiment left there were paroled today by Colonel Young. These men were given their liberty fresh and fed to make the journey here, but were put in the guard house upon arrival at Camp Wilson. Colonel Young said their conduct had been such as to warrant paroling here, and he wiped the slate clean.

The liberated men cheered Colonel Young to the echo for his action, and promised to be on their good behavior throughout their stay here.

Members of the machine gun company were today issued a score or more of broken and balky mules to carry their guns, and the organization began drills amid scenes of exciting struggles between man and beast. Similar scenes are being enacted in the camp of Troop A, of the cavalry, which have eighty-five obstreperous horses.

Y. W. C. A. and Y. M. C. A. Will Continue Receptions
The reception given the Y. W. C. A. members by the Y. M. C. A. members last night is but the beginning of a series of entertainments that are to be given by the joint associations, officials of the organizations said today.

It is probable that a weekly joint meeting of some kind will be held. Women are invited to some of the Y. M. C. A. activities, as men are to some special gatherings of the Y. W. C. A., but plans whereby the two associations can enjoy more of each other's company, are being worked out.

Washington Bible Society To Benefit By Lectures

Three lectures for the benefit of the Washington Bible Society will be given tomorrow at 3:30, 8 and 9 o'clock by the Rev. A. H. Zimmerman, pastor of the First Congregational Church, Tenth and G streets northwest. The subject of his talks will be "The Land of the Living," "The Land of the Dead," and "The Land of the Future." A silver offering will be taken.

HYATTSVILLE.
The Holy Name Society of St. Jerome's Catholic Church will participate in the Holy Name parade in Baltimore next Sunday. The society, headed by President Stephen J. Kelly, will leave Hyattsville at 1 o'clock, going over the Baltimore and Ohio railroad.

The monthly institute of the Second district of the Sunday School Association of Prince George's county will be held in the First Presbyterian Church, here tomorrow evening.

Plans for sending a large delegation to the annual convention of the association to be held at Laurel, November 2 and 3, will be discussed. Addresses will be made by Dr. Clarence J. Owens, the Rev. John W. Slack and Frank L. Middleton.

A meeting of the Hyattsville District Democratic Club in the Municipal Hall has been called for tonight.

The Neighborhood Club was entertained yesterday afternoon by Mrs. H. E. Davis at her home on Littlefield avenue.

At the meeting of Oriole Lodge, No. 47, I. O. O. F., tonight, the first degree will be conferred upon six candidates. Degree Director Samuel Levin being in charge.

Real Estate Transfers
Haddock Hills and Enclosure—Frederick A. Linger et al. to Cole Realty Company, part of arable lot 7, and part of wood lot 2 to 5, \$10.

Eleventh street northeast, between I and K northeast—May A. Rock to Charles M. Corbin, lot 36, square 950, \$10.

D street northeast, between Twelfth and Thirteenth streets—Harry A. Kite et ux. to Roy D. Fairfax, lot 110, square 1005, \$10.

Holmes Manor—Charles W. King Jr. et ux. to Leona E. S. Rodes, lot 143, block 42, \$10.

Strange Malady Kills Oysters on Potomac And Chesapeake Beds

Plague Attacks Food Supply, Adding to Seriousness of Cost of Living Problem—Federal and State Experts Baffled By Disease.

There is an epidemic killing off the oysters.

Every bit as mysterious in its origin as infantile paralysis or other plagues that attack the human race, the disease is playing havoc among the oyster beds of the Chesapeake Bay and lower Potomac.

Most mysterious to the oyster scientists of the Department of Agriculture is the fact that while the disease will kill off all the oysters, young and old, in one bed, another bed immediately adjoining the contaminated one will be untouched. In freakish fashion the germs of the plague have hopped from one bed to another, but completely avoiding intervening ones.

STATE AUTHORITIES AID.

Members of the Maryland Shellfish Commission are working in close cooperation with the Department of Agriculture in an effort to combat the disease, but thus far the experts have been baffled.

In view of the increasing cost of living and the necessity of broadening the field of food products, the oyster has been looked to by the food statisticians to make itself more and more useful as a table article. Consequently, every effort is being made to find a means of stamping out the pestilence.

Not only that, but the pollution of the water and the sale of oysters for sale of oysters which have been soaked in water until they have absorbed a lot of it and their weight has been thus increased are matters which the Bureau of Chemistry is sharply watching.

Two Ways of Adulteration.

People of Washington and other localities where the oyster is largely used, are concerned chiefly in two ways in which oysters may be adulterated in the meaning of the pure food law.

The first method is by pollution, that is, by handling of oysters which have grown in filthy water, near mouths of sewers and the like.

The second method is by putting oysters in water less salt than the water in which the oysters have grown, and thus causing them to drink in water and add to their weight.

It is a simple thing to add 20 or 25 per cent to the weight of oysters by soaking them in fresh water or water nearly fresh, and this practice of watering oysters has been so common, the Government is working hard to break it up as an adulteration under the food and drug act.

As the result of a number of prosecutions, in which the Government has been sustained, the practice of taking oysters from polluted waters has been broken up. The polluted waters of the country, the polluted spots in parts of the Chesapeake and Potomac included, have been surveyed by the Department of Agriculture and the Public Health Service.

Now an oyster taken from those waters

BUREAU DIRECTOR REPORTS ON WORK

The annual report of the director of the Bureau of Printing and Engraving was issued today at the Treasury Department. It contains all facts and figures concerning the operations of Uncle Sam's money print shop for the year ending June 30, 1916.

The amount appropriated for the work by Congress was \$4,068,490. The repayment for services and materials furnished the various executive departments and bureaus, including emergency national currency Federal reserve notes and postal stamps, amounted to \$1,070,072, making the total available for the Bureau's expenses \$5,138,562.

The aggregate expenditure was \$5,066,048.72, leaving an unexpended balance of \$72,513.28.

The enormous total of ninety million sheets of United States notes and certificates were delivered to the Treasurer of the United States, over 83,000,000 sheets of internal revenue stamps were printed for the commissioner of internal revenue, while 109,628,838 sheets of stamps were made for Uncle Sam's postoffice consumption.

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SOLDIERS GOT RELIEF FROM SORENESS

Boys on the Border Relieved Their Pains and Aches with Sloan's Liniment.

Once upon a time Norman Jones, serving in the National Guard at El Paso, returned to camp after a strenuous 15 mile hike foot-sore and weary. He had not been long in active service and his shoulders, back and limbs felt the after-effects of marching.

Remembering Sloan's Liniment, he applied it to the sore spots and went to bed. He writes: "I awoke the next morning feeling fine; in fact I had entirely forgotten about the hike and went out for a four-hour drill in the sun as spry as ever."

Private Jones passed the experience along, and many boys on the border relieved the agony of sprains, strains, bruises, insect bites, cramped muscles, rheumatic twinges, etc., by the use of Sloan's Liniment.

Read the following testimonials. At all druggists, 25c, 50c, and \$1.00.

Soan's Liniment KILLS PAIN

LOANS HORNING

Relief, Va. (south end of Highway Bridge). Free automobile from 9th and D sts. sw.

BAVARIA'S MAD KING DIES IN HIS CASTLE

King Otto Had Been Kept in Confinement for Several Years.

COPENHAGEN, Oct. 12.—King Otto of Bavaria, Europe's "Mad King," died suddenly at the castle of Fuerstenried, where he has been confined, insane, for several years.

The "Mad King" of Bavaria, about seventy years old at the time of his death, started Europe by his eccentricities before he was declared incapable of ruling on November 5, 1913, and succeeded by his cousin, King Ludwig III.

He had nominally succeeded his brother, King Ludwig II, in 1886, when Ludwig committed suicide by throwing himself into a lake during a fit of insanity. His uncle, the Regent Luitpold, was, however, the real ruler of Bavaria.

Thought Wall French Soldiers.
During the Franco-Prussian war Otto first showed symptoms of insanity when he called out a squad of cavalry to make a charge against a straight stone wall. The stone wall, he said, was a body of French infantry. Later he was summoned by the Kaiser to headquarters, and it was reported that he was found in his possession of a dagger.

He was imprisoned in the Fuerstenried castle. Though in the midst of rich furnishings, he is reported to have lived like a savage, refusing to have his hair or nails cut and avoiding water and soap.

Ate "Hidden" Food.

For days he would refuse food, imagining it to be poisoned. His attendants finally persuaded him to eat by pretending to hide food about the palace. The "Mad King" then "discovered" the food, and believing it had been hidden by the servants to satisfy their own appetites, ate it with the greatest relish.

He was passionately fond of grand opera, and well-known singers used to sing to him in his castle prison, and often spent days listening to operas.

EPISCOPALIANS URGE PEACE IN THE CHURCH

Harmony the Keynote of Addresses At the Triennial Convention.

ST. LOUIS, Oct. 12.—Eminent men lifted their voices for freedom from internal strife over doctrines and policy in view of the present world crisis as the forty-fourth triennial general convention of the Protestant Episcopal Church was opened in the Moolah Temple.

The keynote of the convention, in the opinion of many, was sounded in the address of the Rev. Dr. Alexander Mann, re-elected as president of the house of deputies, and in the reply which George Wharton Pepper, of Philadelphia, made to the welcome of the mayor of St. Louis.

The feeling of deputies, clerical and lay, as they met informally was that it was time to bury the Panama controversy, to forget the differences over ritual, and to join in the aid of humanity.

Hence in all the programs of the days to come social and missionary questions have a prominent part. For months the leaders of the various elements have been holding conferences like the recent love feast given under the auspices of the Catholic Club, the New York organization of high church men.

Mr. Pepper said that at this time there ought to be no lapsing into petty

To Free Your Skin of Hair or Fuzz (Boudoir Secrets.)

No toilet table is complete without a small package of delatone, for with it hair or fuzz can be quickly banished from the skin. To remove hairs you merely mix into a paste enough of the powder and water to cover the objectionable hairs. This should be left on the skin about five minutes, then rubbed off and the skin washed, when it will be found free from hair or blemish. Be sure you get genuine delatone.—Advt.

controversy, and that none ought to be found losing their tempers. If in the face of the momentous events of the present time were wasted on non-essentials contempt should be heaped rather upon individuals than upon the Christianity they so imperfectly represented.

The convention opened with 104 bishops of the 122 present and 605 deputies, clerical and lay. It brought to St. Louis 2,000 visitors. Thronged gathered about the Moolah Temple waiting for the procession of the rulers of the church.

Undertakers Investigate The High Cost of Dying

COLUMBUS, Ohio, Oct. 12.—While the cost of living is jumping every minute, the National Funeral Directors Association in convention here is discussing the high cost of dying.

Once more the war is to blame. Higher chemical cost and the lack of dyes for shrouds are responsible for proposed increased funeral costs.

OVERCOAT DAY AT

Parker, Bridget & Co.'s

Thousands of Hand-Tailored, Extra-Quality Overcoats are here ready for your critical inspection.

Every conceivable style and pattern to please your fancy—and there's satisfaction in every Coat—we make it so.

You're sure to find "Your" Coat in this wonderful display at P-B's.

You young men will like the P-B models designed especially for you—the prices are right and the extra tailoring is "there."

\$15--20--25--30

"TECK" Shoes, \$4 & 5.

RAMO Hats, \$2.

New Neckwear, New Furnishings.

Parker, Bridget & Co.

The Avenue at Ninth

FANCY SMOKED HAMS From Our Own Smoke-House Lb. 20c

ANOTHER CAR JERSEY Potatoes An exceptional bargain at the price, as the market is advancing. Peck 42c

OLD Butch Market

YORK STATE CABBAGE Good Size, Lb. 5c FINE DARK CRANBERRIES, QUART, 10c

SPANISH ONIONS, 3 for 10c LARGER SIZE, EACH, 5c

INTERESTING WEEK-END FOOD NEWS

PRIME NATIVE BEEF

Steak Specials! PORTERHOUSE, Lb. 24c SIRLOIN, Lb. 22c ROUND, Lb. 20c BOSTON, Lb. 24c HAMBURG, Lb. 12c CHUCK, Lb. 16c

Roasting Beef Specials! PRIME RIB, Lb. 18c NEWPORT, Lb. 22c CHUCK, Lb. 16c BONELESS POT ROAST, Lb. 15c BOUILLON, Lb. 16c

Canned Vegetable Combination Cut Stringless Beans, Sweet Potatoes, Cut Beets, Your Choice, 3 CANS 25c

Cup Quality COFFEES Of Uniform Roast Packed in One-Pound Parchment Lined Bags

OLD DUTCH "SPECIAL" SANTOS, in the Brown Bag 20c BRAZIL BLEND In the Red Bag 25c

PAN-AMERICAN BLEND In the Purple Bag 30c KERMIS Genuine Mocha and Java—in the Yellow Bag 35c

Armour's Grape Juice HALF-PINT BOTTLE 9c PINT BOTTLE 14c QUART BOTTLE 25c

Pride of Columbia FLOUR 6 LB. BAG 26c 12 LB. BAG 51c

Prime Sauerkraut, Qt. 10c Pure Cocoa, Lb. 25c Hand Packed Tomatoes, large can. 12c Salt Mackerel 2 for 9c Root Beer Extract, Bottle. 7c

CANNED CORN Maine Style 3 Cans 25c Can 9c Country Gentleman 2 Cans 23c Can 12c Fancy Shoe Peg 2 Cans 25c Can 13c

CANNED PEAS Sweet June, 2 Cans 15c Early June 3 Cans 25c SMALL MEATY PRUNES, Lb. 8c

MASON JARS PINTS, DOZEN 37c QUARTS, DOZEN 42c HALF-GALS., DOZEN 60c

BREAD The Heaviest Loaves in the City at 3 for 10c and 5c

ROLLED OATS From the Quaker Oats mill. 2 lbs. 9c CORN MEAL White or Yellow, your choice. 3 lbs. 10c

OLD Butch Market

HOMINY 3 lbs. 10c New Crop, Special GOLD MEDAL 6lb. bag 32c FLOUR

Jelly Glasses With Covers, Doz. 15c

MACARONI AND SPAGHETTI IN BULK 3 Lbs. 25c

SELECTED MILLBROOK EGGS Dozen in Carton, 37c

OLD Butch Market

FRESH CREAMERY Butter Dellfield Brand, 1 LB. PRINT. 39c

CORN FLAKES Golden Rod Brand, Large 10c Package—5c